

Report on Subsurface Contamination in OUSD Facilities Committee - November 18, 2021 -











Ask of the Committee

- Receive presentation regarding subsurface contamination in OUSD
 - Provide general overview of subsurface contamination
 - Share what OUSD has done at McClymonds and the Acorn Woodland/EnCompass campus
 - Discuss potential districtwide risk to students and staff from subsurface contamination
 - But NOT cause unnecessary confusion or fear
- Raise awareness of forthcoming RFP to conduct risk analysis, testing, and/or mitigation recommendations







Subsurface Contamination

- We are talking about indoor air intrusion from Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)
 - Human-made chemicals used in manufacturing and industrial practices
 - Examples: benzene, formaldehyde, tetrachloroethylene
 (PCE), Trichloroethylene (TCE)
 - Suspected <u>long-term</u> effects of VOCs: organ damage, cancer
 - Exception: Possible birth defects from short-term exposure to TCE







We're NOT talking about...

Contaminated Drinking Water

Heavy Metals

Air Pollution



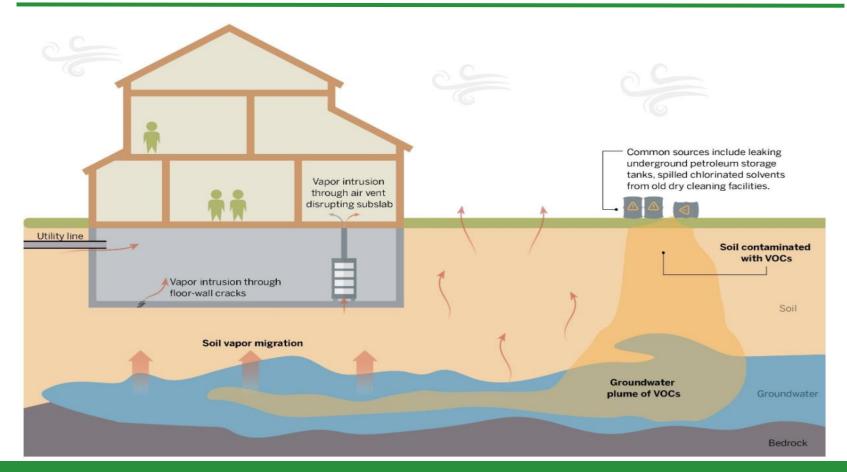








Subsurface Contamination -> Indoor Air











Testing



Soil Vapor



Indoor Air



* Indoor air testing is paired with outdoor testing to determine original of indoor air concentrations







Risk Mitigation

- VOCs are everywhere
 - Can come from external sources: subsurface, outdoor air
 - Can come from internal sources: off-gassing of furniture, use of chemicals inside for cleaning, printers
- So the important questions are...
 - 1) In what concentrations are VOCs present in indoor air in OUSD schools?
 - 2) At what concentrations are VOCs dangerous to students and staff?







Screening Levels

- Threshold set at one in a million risk of adverse health impact from <u>long-term</u> exposure:
 - Odds of being hit by lightning in the U.S. in any given year: 1 in 700,000
- Below screening levels
 - Generally no further action required
- Above screening levels
 - Further investigation/action is warranted









Screening Levels

- Commercial Not modified for staff on campus
 - 8 hours/day, 250 days/year
 - 25 years
 - Adult
- Residential Doesn't apply to students
 - 24 hours/day, 350 days/year
 - 25 years
 - Child









PK-5 School Screening Levels

- Staff
 - 10 hours/day, 250 days/year
 - 30 years
 - Adult
- Students
 - 9-10 hours/day, 210 (elem)/240 (CDC)
 - 9 years
 - Child
- Working to develop specific screening levels for secondary











McClymonds

- Former fuel oil tank was removed in 1997
- In order to "close" site, groundwater was tested
- TCE detected (offsite source; <u>NOT</u> from oil tank)
- Closed school out of abundance of caution & risk from TCE
- Indoor air testing commenced immediately and subsequent indoor air testing on quarterly basis
- Indoor air continues to be safe for students and staff!

https://www.ousd.org/mcclymondstce

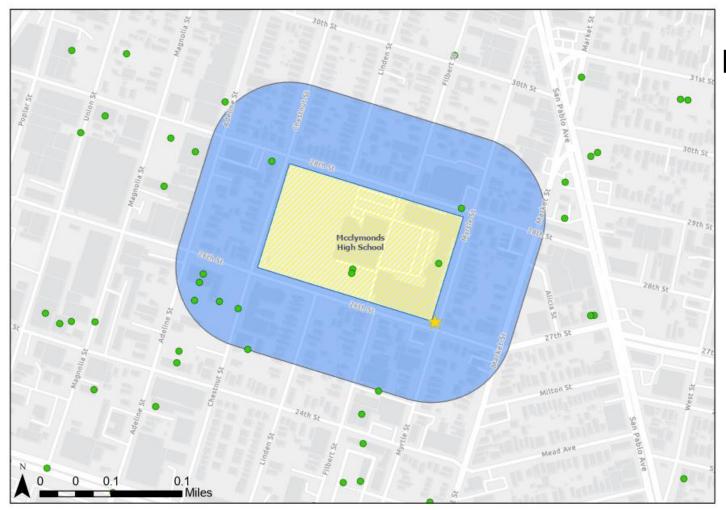












Highlight McClymonds High School

Acorn Woodland/EnCompass

- After McClymonds, Alameda County Dept of Environmental Health staff began to examine known VOC release sites near OUSD school campuses
- Acorn Woodland/EnCompass Campus was identified
- Indoor air testing commenced immediately
- Will test again in different season
- Indoor air continues to be safe for students and staff!

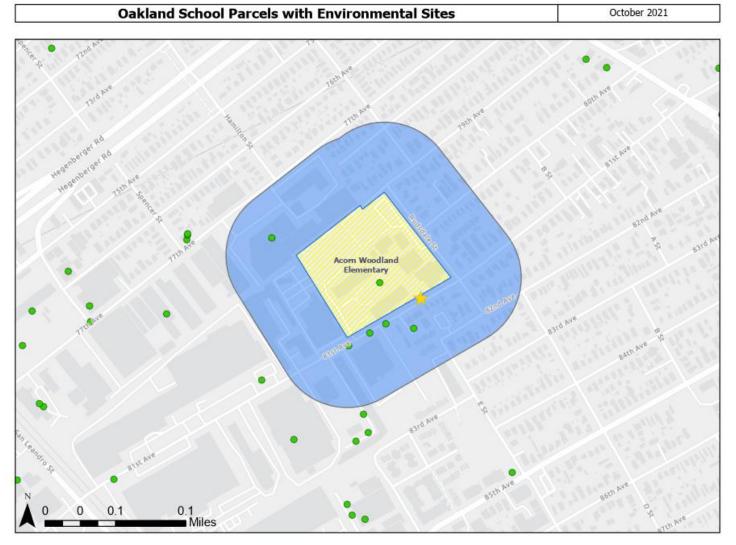
https://www.ousd.org/Page/20059











Highlight Acorn Woodland/ EnCompass Campus

District Wide Problem

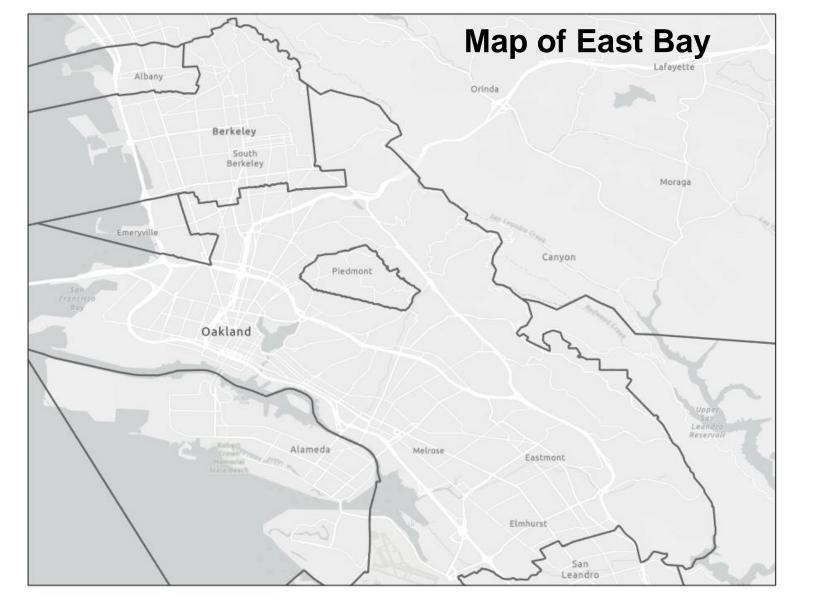
- There are maps of known VOC releases
- They illustrate historic and present environmental racism and injustice
- Remember...
 - Not every release is a problem
 - Potential risk to particular site depends on
 - Location of known VOC releases
 - What VOCs were released
 - Likelihood of vapor intrusion

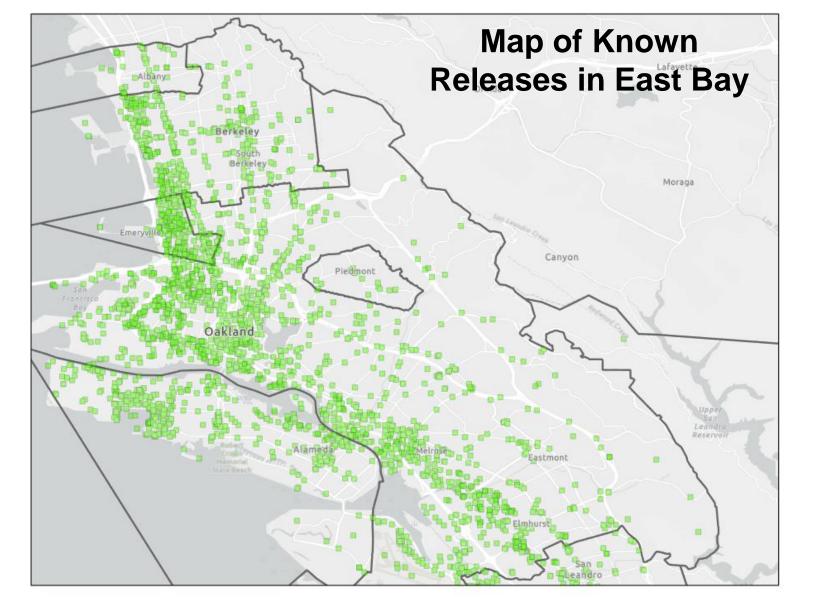


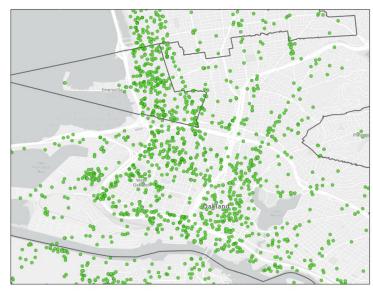




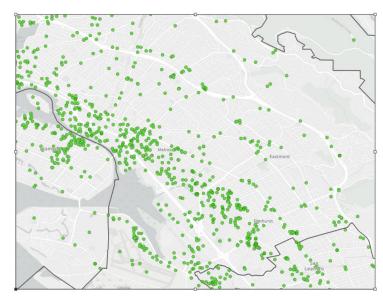




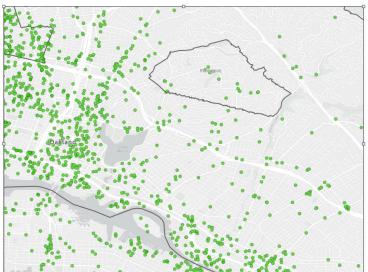




Map of Known Releases in Oakland

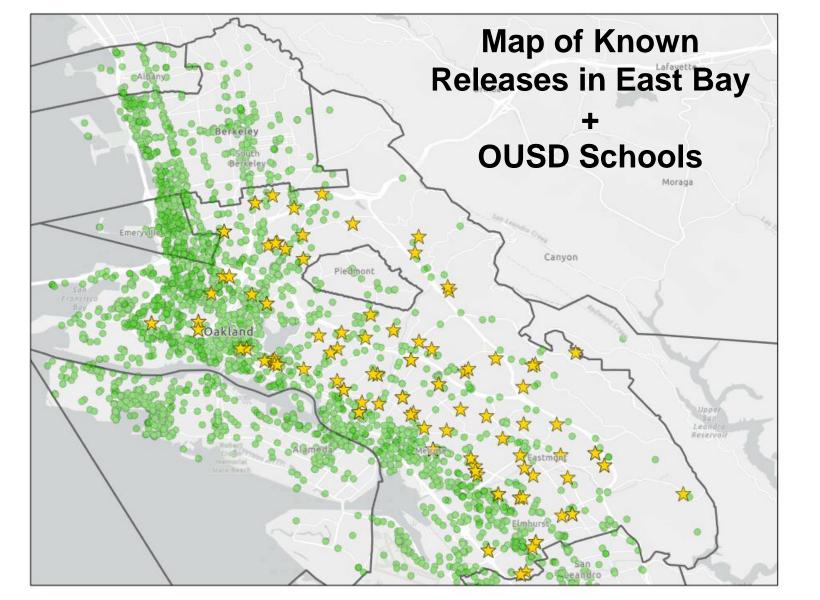


West Oakland



Deep East Oakland

Downtown Oakland/ Fruitvale



Next Steps

- Request for Proposal (RFP)
 - Find one or more companies to analysis risk to all school sites
 - Conduct testing (if necessary)
 - Recommend mitigation strategies (if necessary)
- Use data to advocate for state funding/solution

Note: Maps of known releases within 500 of each OUSD school are available as attachments to this item.



















