## Dual Language Enrollment Policy

Board of Education August 8th, 2018


Presented by:
ELLMA - Nicole Knight \& Lubia Sanchez, Enrollment: Charles Wilson \& Manisha Patel

## The Promise of Biliteracy



OUSD will eliminate the achievement and opportunity gap by providing a high quality PK-12 Multilingual Pathway to English Language Learners and native English speakers in a mutually supportive, multicultural learning environment.

## California's Global 2030 Goals

GLOBAL CALIFORNIA 2030

Speak Learn Lead

- Half of all $\mathrm{K}-12$ students participate in programs leading to proficiency in two or more languages.
- The number of students who receive the State Seal of Biliteracy triples from 46,952 in 2017 to more than 150,000 in 2030. By 2040, three out of four graduating seniors earn the Seal of Biliteracy.
- The number of dual immersion programs that teach languages besides English quadruples from about 400 in 2017 to 1,600 in 2030.
- The number of new bilingual teachers authorized in world language classes more than doubles from 2017 to 2030.
$\square$


## Dual Language Program Benefits



Boosts School Retention and College Attendance

Cultural Capital and Flexibility

Full Closure of the
Achievement Gap

Intellectual
Flexibility and Power

Two languages learned simultaneously

Retention of Families in OUSD


Full Bilingualism for Lower-income English-only Students

## Timeline of Multilingual Pathway



## Dual Language Types

## Two-Way Immersion Programs

$\square$ Ideal balance: 50\% English dominant; 50\% oral proficiency in the pathway language
$\square$ No less than 33\% of either language group
$\square$ Current programs fitting profile: MLA, Seed, SOL
$\square$ Other schools aspire to
 become 2-way programs

## Research Base

$\square$ Two-way Immersion Programs result in the most positive academic outcomes for ELLs of any other language acquisition program. Generally, ELLs who enroll for multiple years in these programs eventually outperform their English-only peers and exceed the average performance of all students on English language academic measures. (Genesse and LindholmLeary, 2009; Reardon, 2015; Thomas and Collier, 2002 \& 2012)
$\square$ Ideally, Two-Way Immersion Programs have an equal balance of language groups, 50\% English dominant; 50\% proficient speakers of the Pathway Language. Neither language group should fall below 33\%. (California Department of Education, 2018; Center for Applied Linguistics, 2018; Gómez, Freeman, \& Freeman, 2005; Lindholm-Leary, 2007; Rosado, 2005)

## Dual Language Systems Challenges

国
Curriculum \& Instructional Materials that effectively support biliteracy

Assessments and Data that measure and report on literacy in both English and Pathway Languages

Staffing, especially fluent/native speakers of Pathway Language

Enrollment processes to ensure linguistic and socio-economic diversity

## DL Systems Challenges: Enrollment



## Overview of Proposed Admin Regs

## GOALS:

1) Institute processes beginning in the 2018-2019 enrollment period to assign an appropriate balance of language groups in Two-Way Immersion Programs for the successful attainment of biliteracy of all students.
2) Reverse the socioeconomic and language imbalance trends seen in recent years.

## During Open Enrollment:

- Kinder: Up to $66 \%$ of seats will be reserved for applicants proficient in the pathway language (Spanish), and a minimum of $33 \%$ of applicants not proficient in the pathway language.
- 6th @ Late-Entry Program: Up to $66 \%$ of seats for applicants proficient in English and pathway language.
- Open Enrollment priorities as identified in BP 5116.1 will also be applied.
- Pathway language fluency will be determined for students whose home language is not English using approved assessments.
Enrollment of students not proficient in the pathway language only available in Kindergarten in 90-10 programs, Kindergarten and 1st grade in 50-50 programs and 6th grade in Late-Entry program.


## Proposed Assignment Process for TK/K



## Impact To Families With Neighborhood or Sibling Priority

> Based on analysis of open enrollment applicant data for enrollment in the 20152016 to 2018-19 school years, there is a low likelihood that families with neighborhood or sibling priority would be displaced by the adoption of a new lottery process for Two-Way Dual Immersion schools.

Manzanita SEED: There were fewer than 22 on time 1st choice sibling applicants in each year of either language for entry grades TK/K (Prior to 2018-19, the max per language was 11; in 2018-19, there were 21 English-speaking applicants with sibling priority). There were also fewer than 4 late 1st choice sibling applicants for TK/K in each year examined (late data not yet analyzed for 2018-19). In terms of neighborhood priority, there were fewer than 10 on time 1st choice Spanish-speaking applicants for grades TK/K, and fewer than 3 on time 1st choice English-speaking applicants for TK/K with this priority in 2016-17 and 2017-18. In 2018-19, there were only 3 on time 1st choice Spanish-speaking applicants and 17 English-speaking applicants for entry grades with neighborhood priority.

## Melrose Leadership Academy

(MLA): There were fewer than 17 on time 1st choice sibling applicants in each year for entry grades (TK/K) from either English- or Spanishspeaking families. There were also fewer than 5 late 1st choice sibling applicants of either language in each year for which late data were analyzed (late data not yet analyzed for 2018-19). MLA does not have a neighborhood priority.

## Fiscal Impact: Possible Benefits \& Risks

## Fiscal Benefits

- Quality Two-Way Immersion programs attract families who might otherwise choose charter of independent schools, thereby increasing enrollment.
- Long-term benefits for ELLs includes increased rate of reclassification and graduation and reduced rate of drop-out, thereby maintaining stable enrollment over time.


## Fiscal Risk \& Mitigation

- Structural constraint could lead to a situation in which the desired number of applicants of each language group may not reach the set levels.
- If this were to occur, we would place students post-Open Enrollment who are on the waiting list regardless of language group and work to increase recruitment efforts.


## Fiscal Impact: Implementation Cost

WHAT: Online language assessments that measure proficiency in the Pathway Language

WHY: Objective measures ensure that students are fairly assessed and incentivize applicant families to report home language use accurately.

ESTIMATED COST<br>Year One: 550 students at MLA, SEED, \& SOL @ \$19/student = \$8910<br>Year Two: If two sites are added @ \$1980/ site = up<br>to \$14,850<br>All 8 schools: $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 5 0 0}$




OAKLAND UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
Community Schools, Thriving Students

