

### Superintendent's Report



Presented by Antwan Wilson, Superintendent

Presented to Board of Directors, OUSD

April 27, 2016









#### **Our Vision**

OUSD students will find joy in their academic experience while graduating with the skills to ensure they are caring, competent, fully-informed, critical thinkers who are prepared for college, career, and community success.

#### I Am Oakland Unified

Our belief is that significant improvement in student outcomes is driven at the school level. Our every action centrally is in the service of one purpose: building quality community schools that prepare students for college, career, and community success.

#### **Our Mission**

Oakland Unified School District (OUSD) will build a Full Service Community District focused on high academic achievement while serving the whole child, eliminating inequity, and providing each child with excellent teachers, every day.













#### Superintendent's Report

State Advocacy Update











### State Advocacy Update



Presented by Patti F. Herrera and Michelle McKay Underwood

Legislative Advocates

SCHOOL SERVICES OF CALIFORNIA, INC.

APRIL 27, 2016









#### State Advocacy Day – March 16, 2016

- OUSD President, Vice President, Superintendent, and Advocates had a productive day in Sacramento meeting with local legislators and key decision makers to share the vision and goals of OUSD
- Meeting regularly with these individuals is key to OUSD establishing relationships and becoming a resource as decisions are made











#### State Advocacy

 Several key pieces of legislation are being authored by Oakland's local legislators, especially in the areas of affordable housing, early childhood education, and mental health











# Legislation – Oakland's Legislators – Recommend Support

- AB 2031 (Bonta) would allow a transfer of property tax revenues from a former redevelopment agency to an affordable housing special beneficiary district
- AB 2200 (Thurmond) would create a grant program to provide development financing assistance to certain school districts for the creation of affordable rental housing for school district employees
- AB 2441 (Thurmond) would create the Workforce Housing in High Cost Areas Pilot Program to provide grants to cities in high-cost counties for predevelopment costs, acquisition, construction, or rehabilitation of rental housing projects or units within rental housing projects







# Legislation – Oakland's Legislators – Recommend Support

- AB 1644 (Bonta) would create a four-year program, the School-Based Early Mental Health Intervention and Prevention Services Support Program, to provide outreach, free regional training, and technical assistance for schools in providing mental health services at school sites
- SB 1042 (Hancock) would define "three-year-old children" as children who will have their third birthday on or before December 1 (instead of September 1), therefore expanding state preschool program eligibility







## Legislation – Teacher Shortage – Recommend Support

- AB 2122 (McCarty) would establish the California Classified School Employee Teacher Credentialing Program to encourage classified school employees to enroll in teacher training programs and provide \$4,000 per program participant
- AB 2336 (Olsen) would authorize a person holding a valid emergency 30day substitute teacher permit to serve as a substitute in a special education classroom for up to 40 consecutive school days under certain conditions
- SB 1413 (Leno) would authorize a school district to establish and implement programs that address the housing needs of teachers and school district employees who face challenges in securing affordable housing









# Legislation – Early Childhood Education – Recommend Support

- AB 2660 (McCarty) would require the California Department of Education to develop a multiyear plan for providing prekindergarten program access for a minimum of one year to income eligible children and for ensuring that publicly funded prekindergarten programs are of high quality
- SB 1071 (Allen) would require state funding for special education and related services for three- and four-year-old preschool children with exceptional needs









### Legislation – After School Programs – Recommend Support

AB 2663 (Cooper) would provide \$73 million in additional resources for the After School Education and Safety (ASES) program, which has not seen an increase in funding since its creation in 2006









#### Legislation – To Watch

- AB 2401 (O'Donnell) would reestablish state funding for the Beginning Teacher Support and Assessment (BTSA) System
- AB 2410 (Bonta) would require the California Department of Education to develop prekindergarten learning development guidelines, focused on preparing four- and five-year-old children for kindergarten, "based on current science that reflects how publicly funded programs can close the school readiness gap"









#### Legislation – To Watch

- AB 1572 (Campos) would requires a public, noncharter school to provide free transportation to a pupil attending a school that is eligible for Title 1 federal funding if the student lives more than a half-mile away from school or has to travel through an unsafe neighborhood
- AB 2292 (Lopez) would prohibit a charter school from operating as, or being operated by, a for-profit corporation
- AB 2393 (Campos) would provide differential pay benefits for up to 12 workweeks for a classified school employee who is absent on account of parental leave







## Governor Brown's 2016-17 Education Budget – Key Fiscal Provisions

The Governor continues his focus of implementing the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF), which is reflected in the significant gap funding increase proposed.

Fiscal Provisions	
Proposition 98 Minimum Guarantee	\$71.6 billion
LCFF Gap Funding (49.08%)	\$2.8 billion
COLA (LCFF Target/Categorical Programs)	0.47%
One-Time Discretionary Funding (~\$214/ADA)*	\$1.2 billion
Proposition 39 Energy Efficiency Projects	\$365.4 million
CTE Incentive Grant Program	\$300 million









### Governor Brown's 2016-17 Education Budget – Early Childhood Education

- The most significant policy proposal this year is the Administration's plan to consolidate funding (\$1.6 billion) from the California State Preschool Program, Transitional Kindergarten, and the Quality Rating and Improvement System to prioritize early education funds through a block grant program
  - The Assembly rejected this proposal, and the Senate is very skeptical
  - The Administration is expected to provide a more detailed plan at the May Revision









#### 2016-17 State Budget

- The next step in the creation of the 2016-17 State Budget is the Governor's May Revision
  - The Administration will update its revenues projections and adjust its policy proposals based on stakeholder feedback
- The Legislature will weigh in with its own funding priorities for education
  - Assembly More preschool slots or increased preschool funding rates?
  - Senate K-12 College Readiness Block Grant?
- Ultimately, the Governor and the Legislature will need to come to an agreement by mid-June









#### Elections – Statewide School Bond

- The "Californians for Quality Schools," a joint effort by the Coalition for Adequate School Housing (CASH) and California Building Industry Association, have qualified a \$9 billion school facilities bond for the November 2016 General Election
  - \$3 billion for new construction
  - \$3 billion for modernization
  - \$2 billion for California Community Colleges
  - \$500 million for charter schools
  - \$500 million for CTE program facilities
- The latest polls have 63% of likely voters supporting this proposal









#### Elections – Proposition 30 Extension

- The California Teachers Association is gathering signatures to place "The Children's Education And Health Care Protection Act" on the November 2016 ballot
  - Would continue Proposition 30's higher income tax rates for high-income earners that are set to expire in 2018
  - The existing sales tax increase under Proposition 30 will expire in 2016
  - Provides full funding for schools and specific funds for Medi-Cal programs (50% of revenues after Proposition 98 and flat funding of the State Budget or \$2 billion, whichever is less)
- The latest polls have 62% of likely voters supporting this proposal









#### State and Federal Accountability

- The State Board of Education (SBE) continues its work to redesign the state accountability system with the goal of moving to a coherent multiple-measures system that is intended to promote continuous improvement in instructional practices and services to students that result in improved academic achievement
- The federal Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) gives the state discretion to design a state accountability system that meet a state's unique needs as long as the system meaningfully differentiates performance among a set of metrics, as well as can identify the lowest performing Title I schools or schools where pupil subgroups are among the lowest performing







#### State and Federal Accountability

- ESSA contemplates that districts with state-identified schools will develop locally tailored plans to address persistent performance issues, but that after four years the state would robustly intervene
  - This represents a significant shift in federal law as it relates to intervention programs as it allows LEAs to self-determine the best course of corrective action, which lends alignment to California's Local Control and Accountability Plan system
- The SBE has set an aggressive deadline to approve the ESSA-required state plan at its November 2016 meeting for submission to the federal Secretary of Education













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