



The Big News – 2015-16 Provides the Highest Increase in Education Funding Ever!

- The May Revision provides an additional \$3.1 billion for education funding in 2014-15
 - This funding is for 2014-15, but treated as one-time dollars
- The combination of a rapidly recovering California economy and Proposition 30 temporary taxes drive the increased state revenues and growth in Proposition 98 for 2014-15
- The Governor proposes adding \$2.1 billion to the \$4 billion proposed in January for 2015-16 LCFF growth, for a total of \$6.1 billion
 - Gap closure rate goes from 32.19% to 53.08%
 - Average increase is 14.13%, or \$1,088 per average daily attendance (ADA)
- The state is making rapid progress toward full implementation of the LCFF

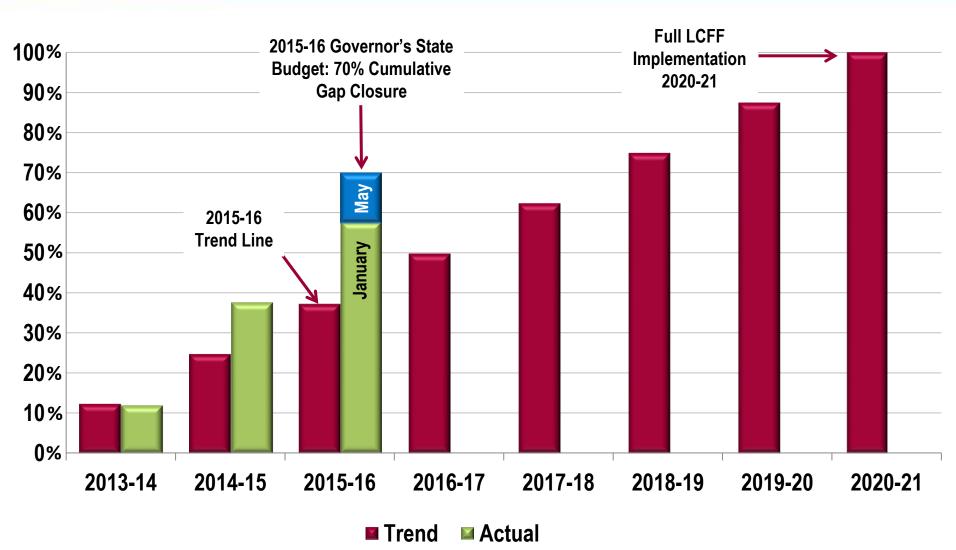


January Budget vs. May Revision

Item	January Budget	May Revision
LCFF Gap Funding Percentage	32.19%	53.08%
Proposition 98 Minimum Funding Guarantee 2014-15 2015-16	\$63.2 billion \$65.7 billion	\$66.3 billion \$68.4 billion
2015-16 COLA	1.58%	1.02%
One-time Discretionary Funds for 2015-16	\$1.1 billion \$180 per ADA	\$3.5 billion \$601 per ADA



Progress Toward LCFF Implementation





2015-16 Local Control Funding Formula

- The January Budget proposed \$4 billion for continued implementation of the LCFF
- The May Revision provides another \$2.1 billion, for a total of \$6.1 billion of additional Proposition 98 revenues flowing to schools
- New funding is estimated to close the gap between 2014-15 funding levels and LCFF full implementation targets by 53.08% in 2015-16
 - The May Revision slightly revises the current-year gap closure estimate, up from 29.15% to 29.97% for 2014-15
- When combined with 2013-14 and 2014-15 LCFF funding, implementation progress would close almost 70% of the gap in just 3 years



What Does the LCFF Mean for OUSD?

OUSD - 2015-16			
2015-16 LCFF Prior Estimate	2015-16 LCFF per May Revise	Difference (Potential Additional Resources	
\$320.4 Million	\$335.3 million	\$14.9 million	

OUSD - 2014-15		
2014-15 LCFF Prior Estimate	2014-15 LCFF per May Revise	Difference (Potential Additional Resources
\$296.0 Million	\$297.1 million	\$1.1 million



Discretionary Funds

- The May Revision provides an increase of \$2.4 billion in discretionary one-time Proposition 98 funding
 - From \$1.1 billion to \$3.5 billion, equal to about \$601 per ADA
 - OUSD would get approximately \$20 million (current estimate is \$6.4 million)
- The May Revision suggests that local educational agencies (LEAs) prioritize these funds for professional development, teacher induction, and instructional materials and technology
 - This is not a mandate and the funds can be used for "any one-time purpose, as determined by the governing board"
 - However, any funds received will offset state obligations for any LEA with outstanding mandate reimbursements, consistent with the approach used in the 2014 Budget Act



Other Programs

- The May Revision provides an increase in funding for other programs:
 - Special Education for Early Intervention, Preschool, and Alternative Dispute Resolution programs
 - \$50.1 million in ongoing funding
 - \$10 million for one-time funding
 - Transitional Career Technical Education (CTE) Incentive Grant Program
 - Additional funding and increasing match requirements.
 - Adds to the existing list of funding priorities and disallows Career Pathways Trust funds from counting toward the match
 - Additional resources for Child Care and Preschool programs
 - Adult Ed \$500 million (as proposed in January)
 - Internet Connectivity \$100 million (as proposed in January)



Funding CalPERS and CalSTRS

- The employer contribution costs for both CalPERS and CalSTRS are significantly increasing over the next several years
 - The 2015-16 CalPERS employer contribution rate increase is less than expected increasing to 11.847% instead of 12.6%
 - The 2015-16 CalSTRS employer contribution rate statutorily increases to 10.73%
 - The increase in 2014-15 was made purposefully small an 8% increase in the employer cost
 - The increase in 2015-16 is more significant a 30% increase above the 2013-14 employer contribution rate
- The 2015-16 State Budget proposal does not address these cost increases for LEAs



Next Steps

State level

- Budget committee hearings
- Vote on Budget by Legislature
 - To continue to receive their pay, members of the Legislature must approve the State Budget by June 15, which they have done the past three years!
- Governor signs Budget
- Local level
 - Adopt the LCAP and budget
 - June 10 First reading of OUSD Budget & LCAP
 - June 24 Adoption of 2015-16 Budget
 - 45-day budget revision if material changes from adopted budget

